# **Searching as Strategic Exploration:**

## **Library Searching Assignment**

#### **Purpose**

This assignment will introduce you to searching and refining your search for scholarly literature using a university catalog. The librarians will then build off this assignment during our in class session, which will prepare you for your annotated bibliography assignment.

## **What is Scholarly Literature?**

Scholarly literature is written by experts in the field. They usually publish their research in academic journals and are employed by universities and other educational or research institutions. They submit their articles to editors of academic journals, who decide on whether or not the article should be published. This peer review process means that before the article is accepted and published, it will be reviewed by several other experts in the field, who suggest changes and/or make the recommendation to publish the article.

### Scholarly Journal vs. Popular Periodicals

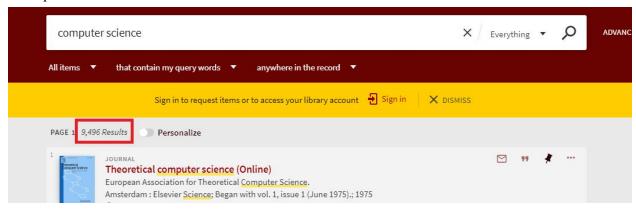
Scholarly Journal Article	Popular Magazine Article
Published in an academic journal, described also as refereed or peer- reviewed.	Published in a popular, general interest, or news magazine.
Author is an expert on the topic or a scholar.	Author may be a lay reporter.
The piece is written to a specialized audience of peers or students.	The audience includes the general audience
Includes: in text citations of sources or footnotes, and bibliography	Sources may not be cited formally
Vocabulary is complex and technical	Vocabulary is familiar, non-technical
Graphics are used to illustrate a point	Graphics are used for visual impact
Titles may include the words <i>Journal, Review</i> , or <i>Annals</i> ; and/or refer to a field of study.  Examples: <i>Anthropology &amp; Education Quarterly, Journal of Higher Education</i> .	Titles are often general, usually catchier.  Examples: <i>People, Newsweek, GQ</i>
Published monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually	Published weekly or monthly.

https://dornsife.usc.edu/writingcenter/handouts/

## **Assignment**

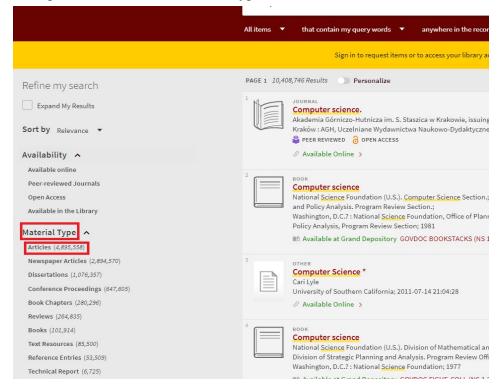
- 1. Go to **libraries.usc.edu**. This is the USC Libraries home page.
- 2. In the red square, search for **robotics**.
- 3. List how many **results** you get here:

Example of where to find the total number of results:



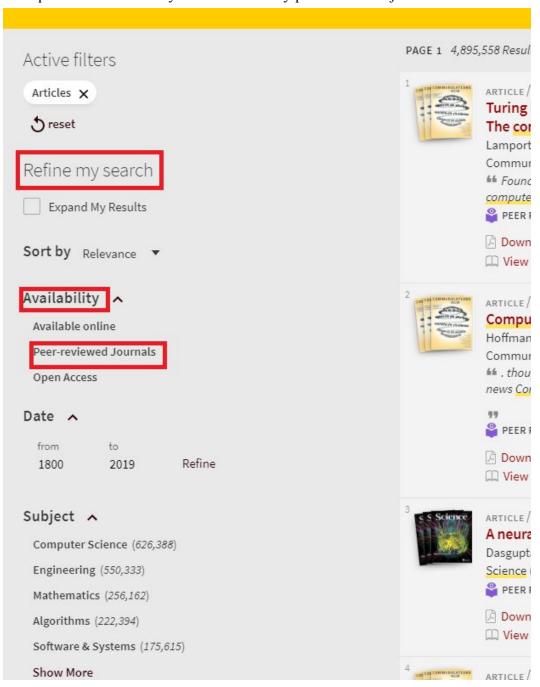
4. Under Material Type (left hand side), select Articles. This is an example of refining your search.

Example of where to find material type:



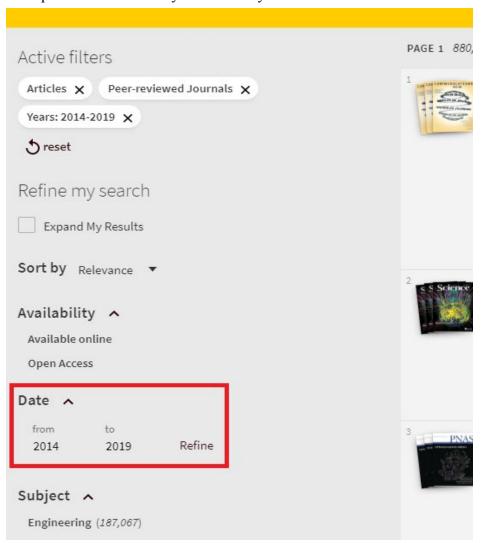
- 5. List how many article results you get here: \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Continue to refine your search for only **Peer-reviewed Journals** and list your results here:

Example of how to refine your search to only peer-reviewed journals:



7. **Refine your search** to only show results from the last five years and list number of results: \_\_\_\_\_

Example of how to refine your search by date



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1. What did you notice about the total number of results from when you first searched to when you finished your search? What is happening here?

2. List two peer reviewed articles for robotics that you found.

a.

b.